A General Synthesis of α-Acylaminoacrylic Esters

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Summary A general synthesis of α -acylaminoacrylic esters from cysteine derivatives and silver carbonate is described.

In a recent paper¹ we mentioned our observation of the ring opening of the perhydro-1,4-thiazepine derivative (1) under the influence of silver oxide in refluxing methanol. The reaction product (2) obtained in essentially quantitative yield was interesting in that (i) it contained an α -acylaminoacrylate group and (ii) C-7 had been smoothly converted into the corresponding dimethylacetal.

We report here a general synthesis of these acrylates which are versatile synthetic and polymerization intermediates.

In a typical experiment, a mixture of methyl N-acetylcysteinate (190 mg, $1\cdot07$ mmol), silver carbonate (420 mg, $1\cdot51$ mmol), and methanol (20 ml) was heated to reflux for 1 h to give methyl α -acetamidoacrylate (78%). M.p. $50\cdot5-51\cdot5^{\circ}$, identical with an authentic sample.²

The Table shows the various cysteine and penicillamine derivatives examined. It is clear from the results that the reaction is general and presents a definite advantage over the conventional method starting from pyruvic acid or serine.²,³

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TABLE

Starting Material	Conditions	Product	Yield (%)
CI S CO ₂ Me	Ag ₂ O , 1h	MeO OMe CH ₂ Me N CO ₂ M	92 e
S Me Me CO ₂ Me	Ag ₂ CO ₃ , 8h	CH ₂ Me M	e 48 e
R1 S R2 R2 CO2Me		R ² R ² AcN CO ₂ M	e
R ¹ = MeOCH ₂ R ² = H	Ag ₂ CO ₃ ,8h	R ² = H	62
R ¹ = R ² = H R ¹ = H ; R ² = Me	$Ag_2CO_{3,}1h$ $Ag_2CO_{3,}6h$ $Ag_2O_{3,}5h$	R ² = H R ² = Me	78 76 72

¹ P. Blondeau, R. Gauthier, C. Berse, and D. Gravel, Canad. J. Chem., 1971, 49, 3866; see also M. H. Benn and R. E. Mitchell, Canad. J. Chem., 1972, 50, 2195.

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³ R. M. Herbst, J. Amer. Chem. Soc., 1939, 61, 483; H. W. Coover and J. B. Dickey, U.S.P. 2,548,518/1951.